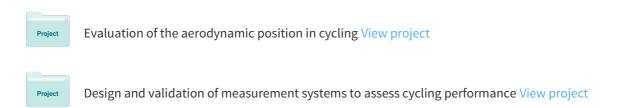
See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/260718831

The use of whole-body cryostimulation to improve the quality of sleep in athletes during high level standard competitions

Article in British Journal of Sports Medicine · April 2014 DOI: 10.1136/bjsports-2014-093494.33 · Source: PubMed **CITATIONS READS** 6 371 4 authors: **Romain Bouzigon** Gilles Ravier University of Franche-Comté University of Franche-Comté 12 PUBLICATIONS 16 CITATIONS 22 PUBLICATIONS 188 CITATIONS SEE PROFILE SEE PROFILE **Benoit DUGUE** Fred Grappe Université de Poitiers University of Franche-Comté 103 PUBLICATIONS 1,966 CITATIONS 83 PUBLICATIONS 1,009 CITATIONS SEE PROFILE SEE PROFILE

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:



The use of Whole-body Cryostimulation to improve the quality of sleep in athletes during high level standard competitions

Bouzigon Romain¹, Ravier Gilles¹, Dugué Benoit² & Grappe Frédéric¹

¹Laboratoire C3S, UPFR Sports, Université de Franche-Comté ; ²Laboratoire MOVE, Université de Poitiers. romain.bouzigon@gmajl.com





INTRODUCTION

Recovery phase is considered as a key phase of the training process, especially with the Quality of Sleep (QS) (1). The whole-body cryostimulation (WBC) is a new attractive recovery method (2).

High-level athletes usually experience mood changes and sleep disturbances, especially during high standard competitions or overreaching training periods. The present study was undertaken to examine whether QS is affected during the night following the WBC exposure in male and female high-level athletes during competitions.

METHODS

This field study occurred during one-week training camp with three international matches before the 2013 European Basketball championship for the men's and women's basketball French Teams. Twenty seven basketball players participated in the study. They were exposed during 3-min at -130°C once a day and wore underwear, gloves, socks and slippers. Variable explored was the perception of the QS using a perceptive scale adapted from Spiegel's questionnaire (3) and ranged from 1 to 5. Subjects answered the question "Did you sleep well?" with the following possible answers: "1 - No, really not well" "2 - No"; "3 – Moderately well"; "4 – Yes, well"; "5 – Yes, perfectly". The possible differences in the QS in function of the previous WBC exposure was analysed using a Wilcoxon

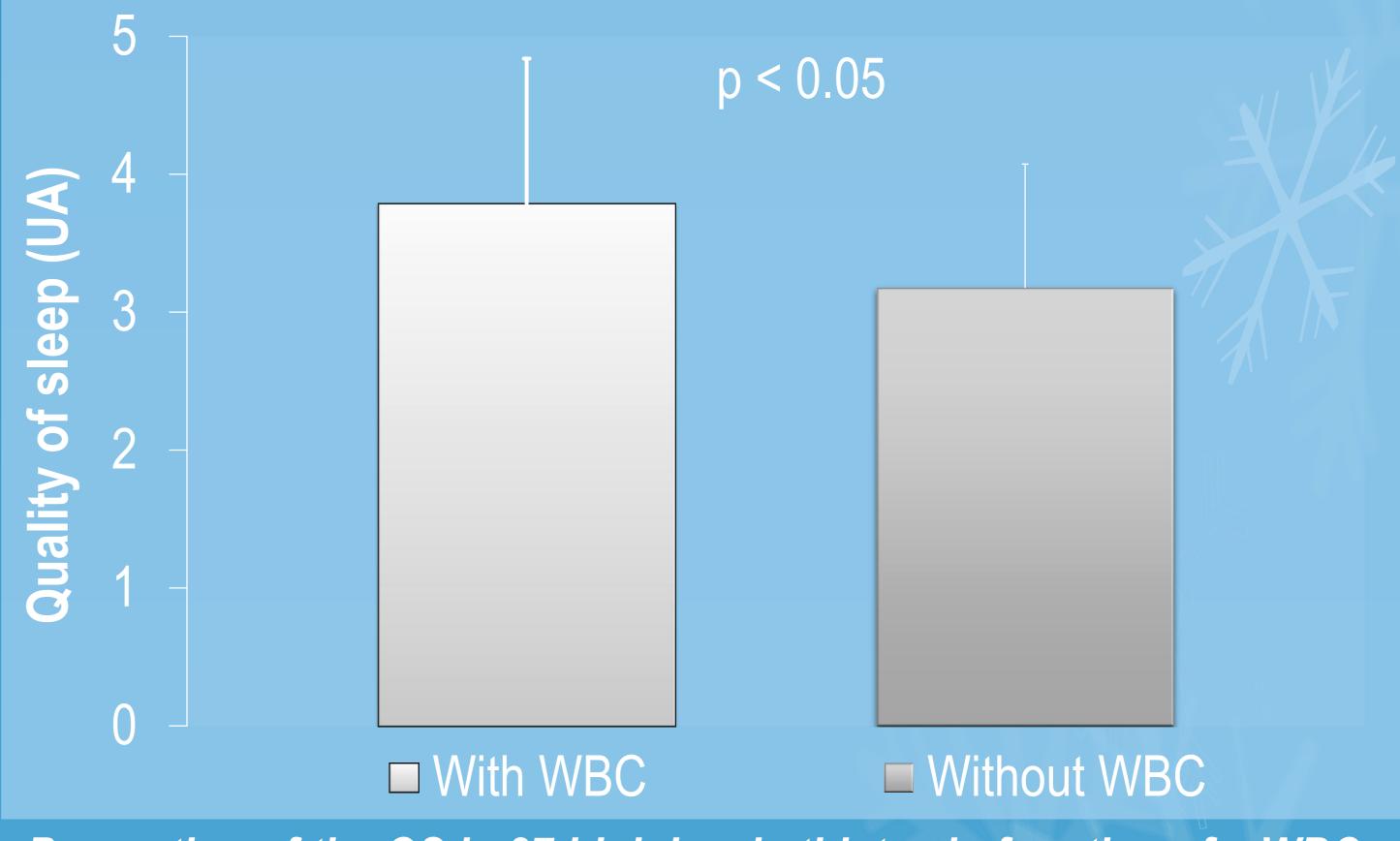
test.

RESULTS

Athletes reported better sleep the night following WBC compared to the night without (score of 3.7 ± 0.7 versus 3.2 ± 0.9 respectively, p<0.05). QS was improved by 15% with WBC.

		Age	Height (cm)	Weight (kg)	Body Mass Index
Age	All	25.8 ± 3.5	192.5 ± 11.8	88.5 ± 15.7	23.5 ± 2.2
	Males	24.2 ± 2.6	200.2 ± 4.3	96.0 ± 9.1	23.9 ± 1.5
	Females	27.0 ± 3.1	183.1 ± 9.5	78.1 ± 12.4	23.2 ± 2.5





Perception of the QS in 27 high level athletes in fonction of a WBC exposure or not the previous day (2 nights per condition)

DISCUSSION

The main finding of this study was the enhancement by 15% of the QS with WBC use. This result could be explained by the effects on mood states and relaxation induced by the WBC exposure (4).

The improvement of the QS during both competition and heavy training load periods appears of importance to enhance athletes' recovery.

situation may lead to 1) a decrease of the injury risks, 2) a better standing of the training load and 3) less fatigue before the matches.

REFERENCES

- 1. Samuels C. Sleep, recovery, and performance: the new frontier in high-performance athletics. Neurol clin 26: 169-180; ix-x, 2008.
- 2. Pournot H, Bieuzen F, Louis J, Mounier R, Fillard JR, Barbiche E, and Hausswirth C. Time-course of changes in inflammatory response after whole-body cryotherapy multi exposures following severe
- exercise. PloS one 6: e22748, 2011.
- 3. Spiegel R. sleep and sleeplessness in advanced age (advances in sleep research, vol 5). Wiley Subscription Services, Inc., A Wiley Company, 1982.
- 4. Hausswirth C, Schaal K, Le Meur Y, Bieuzen F, Filliard JR, Volondat M, and Louis J.

Parasympathetic activity and blood catecholamine responses following a single partial-body cryostimulation and a whole-body cryostimulation. PloS one 8: e72658, 2013.









